- ✓ During this Task Force Meeting members can discuss legislation.
- ✓ TF can propose a recommend a position on a bill and then staff will send the proposed recommendation to CEO-LAIR for review. Bills being considered for a proposed recommendation will be placed on the monthly TF agenda.
- ✓ During the legislative update TF members can identify other bills from the Legislative table they would like to consider for a recommended position.
- ✓ Staff will rely on your guidance and expertise in prioritizing bills and identifying the bills for the TF to recommend formal positions on.
- ✓ CEO-LAIR will review proposed recommendations and provide a Memo of Findings for each proposed recommendation.
- ✓ Once Memo of Findings is received, bill can be placed on TF agenda for a formal recommendation to the Board.
- ✓ After a formal recommendation is approved by TF, Staff will send a letter to the Board with the formal recommendation.

Bill	Author, Last Amended and Hearing Date	Topic	Notes
AB 2346	Lee Amended April 10, 2024 Scheduled Hearing date: July 3, 2024	Organic waste reduction regulations: procurement of recovered organic waste products. (SB 1383 Procurement)	This bill would authorize local jurisdictions to be credited for the procurement of recovered organic waste products through an agreement with a direct service provider. Aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill would increase flexibility to reach organic waste and methane emission reduction goals.
SB 1359	Wilk Amended June 10, 2024 Scheduled Hearing date: Pending	Illegal dumping. (Illegal dumping)	This bill would criminalize the dumping, depositing, or transporting of waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt on private property without the necessary permit or license from a state or local agency. Property owners or their agents who receive such waste matter without the required permit or license would also be subject to criminal charges. Each 72-hour period that the illegally dumped waste remains would be considered a separate offense. The bill provides exemptions for property owners with a legally authorized rock product operation, property undergoing reclamation or recycling facilities for public infrastructure or stormwater pollution control. Additionally, it would be unlawful to transport waste matter in commercial quantities for the purpose of dumping it in the designated locations.

			Aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill would encompass a broader range of enforcement activities associated with illegal waste disposal, explicitly addressing the transport of waste to private properties without the necessary permits. This bill would define pyrolysis as the thermal decomposition of
AB 2514	Aguiar-Curry Amended May 16, 2024	Solid waste: organic waste: diversion: hydrogen: biomethane.	organic material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of gases such as air or oxygen. The bill would require CalRecycle, when providing incentives to facilitate progress towards the reduction targets, to consider the life-cycle effects of different projects and then prioritize incentives for landfill diversion projects with the greatest life-cycle benefits.
	Scheduled Hearing date: June 19, 2024	(Hydrogen)	This bill is aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill defines a thermal process, pyrolysis, as the thermal decomposition of material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of oxygen and allows jurisdictions to procure hydrogen produced from recovered organic waste to meet their SB 1383 procurement requirements.
SB 1143	Allen Amended June 10, 2024	Household hazardous waste: producer responsibility.	This bill would create a producer responsibility program for products containing household hazardous waste and require a producer responsibility organization (PRO) to provide a free and convenient collection and management system for covered products.
	Scheduled Hearing date: June 25, 2024	(HHW EPR)	Aligned with County State Legislative Agenda – as the bill would place greater emphasis on product/manufacturer responsibility for the environmental impacts of their products.

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 2	Ward	Amended June 28, 2023 2-Year Bill (EPR) Dead Bill merged with AB 1238	Proposed Law: The bill would require CalRecycle, on or before October 1, 2026, and on or before October 1 each year thereafter, to establish a covered solar PV recycling fee, based on the reasonable regulatory costs, to administer covered electronic waste recycling. The bill would require the charge to be imposed upon a consumer or a service provider serving the consumer for the purchase of a new or refurbished covered solar PV module product. Expands the definition of "covered electronic device" to include a "customer-owned solar PV module," thereby expanding the scope of the act to include covered solar photovoltaic (PV) module products, for limited purposes. Beginning January 1, 2028, the bill would require a solar photovoltaic module, that is not a customer-owned solar PV module, to be included in a plan that describes how the module will be managed at the end of its useful life, who is responsible for managing it, and how it will be recycled, refurbished, or reused.	In Senate Appropriations suspense file Watch Position
AB 347	Ting	Amended June 5, 2024 2-Year Bill (Problem Products) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Household product safety: toxic substances: testing and enforcement. Proposed Law: This bill would require the DTSC, on or before January 1, 2026, to adopt regulations regarding enforcement of prohibitions on the use of PFAS and the use of specific chemicals in cookware and cosmetic products. Requires manufacturers of these products to register with DTSC, pay a registration fee and provide test results demonstrating compliance with the applicable prohibitions on the use of PFAS. Would authorize DTSC to assess an administrative fine for a violation of these prohibitions and to require compliance with these prohibitions.	In Senate Environmental Quality and Health Committees. No Position
AB 817	Pacheco	Amended May 29, 2024 2-Year Bill (Teleconferencing/Brown Act)	Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body. Proposed Law: This bill allows, until January 1, 2026, a subsidiary body of a local agency to teleconference without meeting all the teleconferencing requirements of the Ralph M. Brown Act (Brown Act) to: expand the pool of people that serve on advisory bodies and commissions, remove a significant barrier to entry in civic life and reduce the environmental impact of from travel.	In Senate Local Government Committee and Senate Judiciary Committee Support Position via Board motion

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 861	Santiago	Amended May 18, 2023 2-Year Bill (Legacy Disposal Cleanup)	Proposed Law: This bill would require DTSC to contract with an entity that has expertise in remediating contaminated sites for the purpose of reviewing the department's residential cleanup near the former Exide Technologies lead-acid battery recycling facility in the City of Vernon. The bill would require the contractor to use only existing data in its review, but, if necessary, the bill would authorize the contractor to take, review, and analyze limited samples. Requires the contractor to meet with members of the community to hear comments or concerns about the cleanup and provide its findings to the board. Requires the board to post the contractor's findings on the board's internet website.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee <u>Watch position</u>
AB 863	Aguiar- Curry Dodd	Amended June 10, 2024 2-Year Bill (EPR) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Carpet recycling: carpet and flooring: producer responsibility organizations: fines: succession: training. Proposed Law: This bill would establish a flooring producer responsibility program that would require producers of covered products to form and join a single product responsibility organization (PRO) for the collection and recycling of a covered product. Would define a "covered product" to include carpet, artificial turf, and resilient flooring. Would require the PRO to develop a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, recycling, and the safe and proper management of covered products in the state; requires the PRO to perform specified public outreach regarding the plan before submitting it to CalRecycle for approval. Would require CalRecycle to post on its internet website a list of producers that are in compliance with the requirements of the program. CalRecycle to adopt regulations governing the program; the PRO to pay fees to CalRecycle, not to exceed actual and reasonable regulatory costs to implement and enforce the program. Would rename the Carpet Stewardship Account to be the Flooring Responsibility Fund and would rename the Carpet Stewardship Penalty Subaccount to be the Flooring Responsibility Penalty Account. Would also authorize CalRecycle to impose administrative penalties for a violation of the program's requirements, not to exceed \$10,000 per day, or not to exceed \$25,000 per day for an intentional or knowing violation.	In Senate Environmental Quality and Senate Judiciary Committees. No position
AB 1238	Ward	Amended June 10, 2024	Hazardous waste: solar panels.	In Senate Rules Committee
		2-year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: This bill would establish a stewardship program for solar photovoltaic modules that are not included in the definition of consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module. Would add consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules to the definition of	Watch position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
		Hearing on July 3, 2024	covered electronic devices. On and after January 1, 2030, would require a consumer or a service provider serving the consumer, including a developer or installer of a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic system, to pay a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module recycling fee in an amount determined by CalRecycle upon the purchase of new consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules. The bill would require a retailer selling a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module to collect a consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module recycling fee. Requires all funds collected from the consumer-owned solar photovoltaic module recycling fee to be deposited into the Consumer-Owned Solar Photovoltaic Module Recycling Fee Subaccount, which the bill would establish within the Electronic Waste Recovery and Recycling Account. Would require CalRecycle to adopt regulations to implement a stewardship program, and would authorize DTSC, to adopt regulations to implement the provisions of the act related to consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules. The bill would prohibit CalRecycle's regulations implementing the provisions of the act related to consumer-owned solar photovoltaic modules from having an effective date earlier than January 1, 2029.	
AB 1659	Gabriel	Amended June 28, 2023 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit a manufacturer from selling a small electronic device, for the first time, and first sold in California, on or after January 1, 2026, unless that small electronic device meets certain criteria, including being equipped with a USB Type-C receptacle. Requires a wholesaler or retailer of a small electronic device manufactured on or after January 1, 2026, to offer to make the sale without a charging device, and to display, certain information depending on the existence and specifications of an included charging device. Would require the wholesaler or retailer to provide a specified purchaser with certain information relating to the wired charging devices that can be used with the small electronic device. The bill would exempt from its provisions the sale of a secondhand small electronic device, the sale of a laptop before July 1, 2026, and the sale of a small electronic device of a specified size.	In Senate Appropriations Committee No position
AB 2190	Mathis	Introduced February 7, 2024 (Renewable Technology/	California Environmental Quality Act: expedited judicial review: infrastructure projects: hydrogen.	In Assembly Natural Resources and Judiciary Committee.
		Infrastructure) Dead	Proposed Law: This bill expands the definition of energy infrastructure project to include any project using hydrogen as fuel. Therefore, authorizing the Governor to certify energy infrastructure projects that use hydrogen as a fuel.	No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 2201	Addis	Amended April 25, 2024 (Problem Products) Dead	Toxics: air care products Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, on or after July 1, 2026, the sale or distribution of certain air fresheners and other air care products that contain specific chemicals, defined as harmful, in the state.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. No position
AB 2236	Bauer- Kahan	Amended May 16, 2024 (Single-Use Plastics) Hearing on July 3, 2024	Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition. Proposed Law: Effective January 1, 2026, this bill would revise the single-use carryout bag exemption list to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag or to contain an unwrapped food item. The bill would revise the definition of recycled paper bag to require it be made from a minimum 50% postconsumer recycled materials on or after January 1, 2028, without exception. Also, the bill would update requirements for reusable grocery bags at point of sale.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. <u>Support position</u>
AB 2244	Ting	Amended May 16, 2024 (Harmful Chemicals) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Product safety: proofs of purchase: bisphenols. Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2025, a paper proof of purchase (paper receipts) provided to a consumer by a business or created by a manufacturer from containing bisphenol A, and, on and after January 1, 2026, from containing any bisphenols. The bill would specify that a violation would be punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a first violation, and not to exceed \$10,000 for each subsequent violation.	In Senate Environmental Quality and Senate Judiciary Committees. No position
AB 2302	Addis	Introduced February 12, 2024 (Teleconferencing/Brown Act)	Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences. Proposed Law: This bill would revise the Brown Act limits, instead prohibiting such participation for more than a specified number of meetings per year, based on how frequently the legislative body regularly meets.	In Senate floor. Watch position
AB 2311	Bennett	Revised March 20, 2024 (Renewable Technology/Infrastructure) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: grant program: edible food. Proposed Law: This bill would expand the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund grant program to provide financial assistance for the recovery of edible food. Would specify that eligible infrastructure projects include the construction or expansion of facilities to help develop, implement, or expand edible food waste recovery operations. Requires	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			CalRecycle to consider the increased amount of edible food recovery capacity that the project will create when awarding a grant for edible food recovery.	
AB 2346	Lee	Amended April 10, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement) Hearing on July 3, 2024	Organic waste reduction regulations: procurement of recovered organic waste products. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize local jurisdictions to be credited for the procurement of recovered organic waste products through an agreement with a direct service provider and would allow the direct service provider agreement to include the procurement of recovered organic waste products on a prospective or retrospective basis as long as the purchase of those products occurs during the year for which the local jurisdiction seeks credit. The bill would also authorize local jurisdictions to count towards their procurement targets, compost produced and procured from specified compost operations, until 2030, investments made for the expansion of the capacity of compostable materials handling operations or community composting operations.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. <u>Support position</u>
AB 2511	Berman	Amended May 16, 2024 (Bottle Bill) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Beverage container recycling: market development payments. Proposed Law: This bill would extend the inoperative date of the market development payment program to July 1, 20271, 2026, subject to the availability of funds, and would repeal the program as of July 1, 2028.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. No position
AB 2514	Aguiar- Curry	Amended May 16, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste/Procurement) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Solid waste: organic waste: diversion: hydrogen: biomethane. Proposed Law: This bill would define pyrolysis as the thermal decomposition of organic material at elevated temperatures in the absence or near absence of oxygen. Would additionally require CalRecycle, no later than January 1, 2026, to amend regulations to include, as a recovered organic waste product attributable to a local jurisdiction's procurement target, hydrogen and pipeline biomethane converted exclusively from organic waste that is separated from other waste	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. No position
AB 2577	Irwin	Revised March 20, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste) Dead	Organic waste: reduction regulations. Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to include recovered edible food requirements to include product labeling requirements that reduce food waste.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
AB 2648	Bennett	Amended May 16, 2024 (Single-Use Plastics) Dead	Proposed Law: This bill would, with certain exceptions, prohibit state agencies from entering into, modifying, amending or renewing a contract, on or after January 1, 2025, to purchase single-use plastic bottles, for internal use or resale and would require state agencies to take appropriate steps to replace the use of single-use plastic bottles at food service facilities with non-plastic, recyclable, and reusable alternatives. Requires the Department of General Services to ensure that any new, modified, or renewed agreements, contracts, or procurements undertaken by a food service facility as part of a contract or agreement comply compliance.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. No position
AB 2658	Bains	Introduced February 14, 2023 (SB 1383 Organic Waste) Dead	Short-lived climate pollutants: organic waste: reduction regulations: exemption. Proposed Law: This bill would exempt food processing establishments, from the organic waste reduction goal requirements and regulations, that do not divert organic waste to landfills.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. No position
AB 2761	Hart and Lowenthal	Amended June 6, 2024 (PFAS) Hearing on July 2, 2024	Product safety: plastic packaging: Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act. Proposed Law: This bill would enact the Reducing Toxics in Packaging Act, which would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a person from manufacturing, selling, offering for sale, or distributing in the state plastic packaging that contains certain chemicals, including PFAS, OVC, and/or PVDC The bill would exclude from that prohibition packaging used for certain medical, drug, and federally regulated products. The bill would authorize the imposition of a civil penalty for a violation of that prohibition	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. No position
AB 2762	Friedman	Amended April 24, 2024 (Single-Use Plastics) Dead	Recycling: reusable beverage containers. Proposed Law: This bill would require that no less than 5% of the volume of beverages that certain beverage manufacturers sell in beverage containers in California be sold in reusable beverage containers and that by January 1, 2032, no less than 60% of that 5% be in reusable beverage containers that were returned for reuse. The bill would provide for periodic increases to those percentages. Would require, beginning January 1, 2030, and annually thereafter, a beverage manufacturer to report certain information to CalRecycle regarding the sale of beverages in beverage containers and reusable beverage containers. Requires a beverage manufacturer to make those reports publicly available on the beverage manufacturer's internet website. The bill would authorize one or more beverage manufacturers to form a reusable beverage container management	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			system and to submit a plan to CalRecycle regarding their plan to comply with the requirements of this bill.	
SB 551	Portantino	Amended March 21, 2024 2-Year Bill (Single-Use Plastics) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would authorize certain beverage manufacturers to submit with other beverage manufacturers a consolidated report, in lieu of individual reports, that identifies the postconsumer recycled plastic content for beverage containers and the amounts of virgin plastic and postconsumer recycled plastic used in beverage containers. Requires the consolidated report to be submitted under penalty of perjury and pursuant to standardized forms prescribed by CalRecycle.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. Watch position
SB 615	Allen & Min	Amended June 11, 2024 2-Year Bill (EPR) Hearing on June 25, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would require vehicle traction batteries in the state to be recovered and reused, when possible, repaired, repurposed, or remanufactured and eventually recycled at the end of their useful life. Would also require a battery supplier to be responsible for, among other things, ensuring the responsible end-of-life management of a vehicle traction battery once it is removed from a vehicle or other application to which the vehicle traction battery has been used, and for collecting a stranded battery for which they were the battery supplier and fully fund the cost of collection. Would require battery suppliers to join a producer responsibility organization (PRO) and would require the PRO to develop and submit to CalRecycle and to DTSC a complete orphaned battery management plan for approval and must contain collection transportation, recycling, and safe and proper management of orphaned vehicle traction batteries and any of their associated components in the state.	In Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee No position
SB 707	Newman	Amended June 10, 2024 2-Year Bill (EPR)	Proposed Law: This bill would enact a stewardship program known as the Responsible Textile Recovery Act of 2024, which would require a produce of apparel or textile articles, to form and join a producer responsibility organization or PRO. The bill would require the PRO to be approved by CalRecycle. CalRecycle is required to adopt regulations to implement the program no earlier than July 1, 2028. Requires the PRO to submit to CalRecycle, for approval or disapproval, a complete plan for the collection, transportation, repair, sorting, and recycling, and the safe and proper management of apparel and textile articles in the state. Upon approval of a plan, or commencing July 1, 2030, the bill would make subject to specific civil penalties, unless the producer is a participant of a PRO and all apparel, and textiles are accounted for in the plan.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee <u>Watch position</u>

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
SB 903	Skinner	Amended April 11, 2024 (Problem Products) Dead	Environmental health: product safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. Proposed Law: This bill would, beginning January 1, 2032, prohibit a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale a product that contains intentionally added PFAS, unless the Department of Toxic Substances Control has made a determination that the use of PFAS in the product is a currently unavoidable use, the prohibition is preempted by federal law, or the product is previously used. The bill would specify the criteria and procedures for determining whether the use of PFAS in a product is a currently unavoidable use, for renewing that determination, and for revoking that determination. The bill would establish the PFAS Penalty Account and require all administrative penalties received to be deposited into that account and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to be used for the administration and enforcement of these provisions. This bill would require CalRecycle, on or before January 1, 2027, to adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this bill.	In Senate Appropriations Committee. Suspense File Watch position
SB 972	Min	Amended May 16, 2024 (California Global Warming Solution Act of 2006)	Methane emissions: organic waste: landfills. Proposed Law: Requires CalRecycle, to provide procedures for local jurisdictions to request technical assistance regarding organic waste and methane reduction requirements from CalRecycle, to post those procedures on its internet website, and to provide that technical assistance. The bill would require CalRecycle to report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2028, on, among other things relating to organic waste and methane reduction, the status of the technical assistance provided to local jurisdictions and, on or before January 1, 2031, on the state's ability to meet the targets for reducing the disposal of organic waste in landfills and any recommendations to modify the program to achieve those goals.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. No position
SB 1045	Blakespear	Amended April 29, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste)	Proposed Law: This bill, on or before June 1, 2026, would require the Office of Planning and Research, in consultation with CalRecycle, to develop and post on the office's internet website, a technical advisory reflecting best practices to facilitate the siting of composting facilities to meet the organic waste reduction goals. The bill would require the office to consult with specified entities throughout the development of the technical advisory. Upon a substantive revision of the land use element, on or after January 1, 2028, would require a city, county, or city and county to consider, among other things, the best practices reflected in the technical advisory and to consider updating the land	In Assembly Natural Resources and Assembly Local Government Committees. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			use element to identify areas where composting facilities may be appropriate as an allowable use.	
SB 1046	Laird	Amended June 12, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste)	Organic waste reduction: program environmental impact report: small and medium compostable material handling facilities or operations. Proposed Law: This bill requires CalRecycle to prepare and certify, by January 1, 2027, a program environmental impact report that streamlines the permitting process for jurisdictions to develop small and medium compostable material handling facilities or operations for process organic material.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. No position
SB 1053	Blakespear and Allen	Amended May 16, 2024 (Single-use Plastics)	Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition. Proposed Law: Effective January 1, 2026, this bill would revise the single use carryout bag exemption list to include a bag provided to a customer before the customer reaches the point of sale, that is designed to protect a purchased item from damaging or contaminating other purchased items in a checkout bag, or to contain an unwrapped food item. The bill would revise the definition of recycled paper bag to require it be made from a minimum of 50% postconsumer recycled materials on and after January 1, 2028, without exception. Also, the bill would update requirements for reusable grocery bags at point of sale.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. <u>Support position</u>
SB 1066	Blakespear	Amended April 18, 2024 (EPR/Problem Products) Hearing on June 25, 2024	Hazardous waste: marine flares: producer responsibility. Proposed Law: The bill would require a producer of a covered product to register with a producer responsibility organization, which would be required to develop and implement a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, and the safe and proper management of covered products.	In Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee. No position
SB 1113	Newman	Amended March 21, 2024 (Bottle Bill)	Beverage container recycling: pilot projects: extension. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize recycling pilot projects to operate until January 1, 2034, and repeal those provisions on that date. By extending the time recycling pilot projects may operate, the bill would make an appropriation by increasing expenditures from a continuously appropriated fund for handling fee payments to pilot recyclers. The bill would limit the time that a convenience zone that falls within the area of an operational, CalRecycle-approved pilot project is deemed to be served to January 1, 2027.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. No position
SB 1135	Limon	Amended April 25, 2024	Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: income taxes: credit.	In Senate Appropriations

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
		(Greenhouse Gas Reduction) Dead	Proposed Law: This bill, in the 2025–26 fiscal year through the 2035–36 fiscal year, would transfer 1% of the annual proceeds of the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, not to exceed \$120,000,000 per fiscal year, to the California Compost Tax Credit Fund, which the bill would establish. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, and before January 1, 2036, would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year to a qualified taxpayer in an amount equal to amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year for the application of compost on agricultural lands, ranchlands, or rangelands to improve soils, sequester carbon, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The bill would require the Department of Food and Agriculture to allocate the credits to qualified taxpayers through an application process and would limit the aggregate amount of credits allocated per fiscal year to the amount appropriated from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to the California Compost Tax Credit Fund, minus specified distributions, would additionally continuously appropriate up to 20% of moneys in the California Compost Tax Credit Fund, not to exceed \$24,000,000 per fiscal year, for existing composting infrastructure grant programs and existing healthy soils program.	Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1143	Allen	Amended June 10, 2024 (EPR) Hearing on June 25, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would create a producer responsibility program for products containing household hazardous waste and require the producer responsibility organization (PRO) to provide a free and convenient collection and management system for covered products at no cost to residents or local governments. The bill would define "covered product" to mean a product that is flammable, toxic, ignitable, corrosive, reactive, or pressurized, and that meets other specified criteria. The bill would require a producer of a covered product to register with the PRO, which would be required to develop and to develop and implement a producer responsibility plan for the collection, transportation, and safe and proper management of covered products. The bill would require CalRecycle, in coordination with DTSC approve plans and adopt regulations to implement the program with an effective date no earlier than July 1, 2027.	In Assembly Natural Resources and Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committees. Support position
SB 1147	Portantino	Amended April 10, 2024 (Problem Products)	Proposed Law: This bill would require, upon adoption by the State Water Resources Control Board of a primary drinking water standard for microplastics, any water-bottling plant that produces bottled water that is sold in this state to provide the State Department of Public Health's Food and Drug Branch an annual report on the levels of microplastics found in the source water used for bottling and in the final bottled water product that is offered for sale, as provided. The bill would require this report to be included with the	In Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials and Assembly Health Committees. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			annual water-bottling plant report and, upon request, be made available to each consumer. This bill would require the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) to study the health impacts of microplastics in drinking water, including bottled water, to evaluate and identify a level of microplastics in those types of water that are not anticipated to cause or contribute to adverse health effects or that does not pose any significant health risk. The bill would require OEHHA, after the state board adopts a standard methodology and requirements for the testing and reporting of microplastics in drinking water, and upon the request of the state board, to develop and deliver to the state board a public health goal for the public health goal developed and delivered by OEHHA, and to adopt a primary drinking water standard for microplastics.	
SB 1167	Blakespear	Amended April 4, 2024 (Single-use Plastics) Dead	Solid waste: single-use drinking vessels. Proposed Law: This bill would require a chain restaurant, before serving a beverage, to ask a customer if the customer intends to consume the beverage on the premises or off the premises. The bill would prohibit a chain restaurant from serving a beverage in a single-use vessel if a customer indicates intent to consume the beverage on the premises.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee. No position
SB 1175	Ochoa Bogh	Amended May 13, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste) Hearing on June 19, 2024	Organic waste: reduction goals: local jurisdictions: waivers. Proposed Law: This bill would require CalRecycle to revise the regulations to require the State Board to consider, in addition to census tracts, alternatives to those census tracts, when deciding the geographic boundaries of a low-population or elevation waiver. The bill would prohibit CalRecycle from considering those alternatives when deciding the boundaries for those waivers until it adopts the revised regulations.	In Assembly Appropriations Committee. No position
SB 1231	Allen	Introduced February 15, 2024 (Problem Products/Proper labeling)	Plastic Pollution Prevention and Packaging Producer Responsibility Act: environmental advertising. Proposed Law: This bill would authorize a producer or group of producers of products using covered materials to petition CalRecycle to identify material types and forms that meet those specified requirements and criteria to be considered as recyclable in the state. The bill would require CalRecycle to review the petition and approve or deny it within 60 days of receipt. Additionally, would expand that exemption to up to 24 months after the date CalRecycle publishes or updates the specified material characterization study. The bill would exclude chemicals that are disclosed only for purposes of compliance with a specified regulation governing the disclosure of chemicals on a list produced under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
			(Proposition 65) from the intentionally added chemicals that would affect whether a product or package is considered recyclable in this state.	
SB 1232	Grove	Amended March 18, 2024 (SB 1383 Organic Waste waiver) Dead	Organic waste: collection requirements: exemptions. Proposed Law: This bill would exempt a portion of a county from the prescribed organic waste collection requirements if the county proposed a fee for the collection of organic waste in that portion of that county and the county did not impose the fee in that portion of that county because, when submitted to property owners for approval, it was rejected.	In Senate Local Government Committee and Environmental Quality Committee. No position
SB 1234	Allen	Amended June 10, 2024 (Shredding facility regulations) Hearing on June 25, 2024	Hazardous materials: metal shredding facilities. Proposed Law: This bill would regulate metal shredding facilities in the state by requiring owner or operators to obtain permits from DTSC. Prescribes requirements for obtaining a permit, operating a facility, and transporting materials. Exempts certain materials from hazardous waste classification if they meet specific requirements. Requires reporting of hazardous substance releases and emergency situations. Requires closure plans and cost estimates for closing facilities. Authorizes DTSC to enforce regulations and revoke permits and to collect annual fees from metal shredding facilities. Establishes a subaccount to hold collected fees for program administration. Prohibits local agencies from regulating facilities under this bill as hazardous waste facilities for land use decisions. Declares the bill a matter of statewide concern applicable to all cities.	In Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee. No position
SB 1237	Stern	Introduced February 15, 2024 (Methane) Dead	Proposed Law: This bill would generally replace the term "natural gas" with the term "methane" throughout all of the state's codes. Because some natural gas is not methane and some methane is not natural gas, the bill would authorize the expenditure of continuously appropriated moneys for new purposes, thereby making an appropriation, and would also change the applicability of various charges, and the purposes for which revenues from those charges may be used.	In Senate Energy, Utilities and Communications Committee. No position
SB 1280	Laird	Amended March 20, 2024 (EPR)	Waste management: propane cylinders: reusable or refillable. Proposed Law: This bill would, on and after January 1, 2028, prohibit the sale or offer for sale of propane cylinders other than those propane cylinders that are reusable or refillable.	In Assembly Natural Resources Committee. No position

BILL	AUTHOR	SUBJECT	SUMMARY	Status/ County Position
SB 1302	Blakespear	Amended April 29, 2024 (Bottle Bill) Dead	The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act: recycling machines: pilot projects. Proposed Law: This bill would, until January 1, 2034, authorize up to 3 recycling machine pilot projects. The bill would define "recycling machine" as a mechanical device that accepts empty machine acceptable beverage containers for redemption. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to select a jurisdiction for a pilot project based on certain criteria and would specify the requirements for the operation of a pilot project. The bill would authorize CalRecycle to issue probationary certificates of operation to operators of recycling machine pilot projects and would make an operator of a recycling machine pilot project operator eligible for processing payments and handling fee.	In Senate Appropriations Committee, suspense file. No position
SB 1359	Wilk	Amended June 10, 2024 (Illegal Dumping) Hearing on June 18, 2024	Proposed Law: This bill would criminalize the dumping, depositing, or transporting of waste matter, rocks, concrete, asphalt, or dirt on private property without the necessary permit or license from a state or local agency. Property owners or their agents who receive such waste matter without the required permit or license would also be subject to criminal charges. Additionally, it would be unlawful to transport waste matter in commercial quantities for the purpose of dumping it in the designated locations. However, the bill would make these provisions inapplicable to any owner, or agent of any owner, of property on which an authorized construction material or recycling facility that produces materials used for public infrastructure or stormwater pollution control is located.	In Assembly Public Safety Committee Support position
SB 1426	Blakespear	Amended April 10, 2024 (Waste Diversion) Dead	Waste reduction: undiverted materials. Proposed Law: This bill would prohibit an exclusive franchise, contract, license, or permit to provide services for diversion from exceeding the services required to be performed and actually performed under the exclusive authorization. The bill would require a person who provides services for diversion by means other than a franchise, contract, license, or permit, to comply with applicable law, as specified. The bill would, if certain programs are not offered through a local ordinance or a local jurisdiction's franchise agreement, authorize other persons to collect, transport, and process undiscarded organic material from nonresidential customers.	In Senate Environmental Quality Committee Failed Passage in Committee No position